

62 HAL SPI Generic Driver

62.1 SPI Firmware driver registers structures

62.1.1 SPI_InitTypeDef

Data Fields

- *uint32_t Mode*
- *uint32_t Direction*
- *uint32_t DataSize*
- *uint32_t CLKPolarity*
- *uint32_t CLKPhase*
- *uint32_t NSS*
- *uint32_t BaudRatePrescaler*
- *uint32_t FirstBit*
- *uint32_t TMode*
- *uint32_t CRCCalculation*
- *uint32_t CRCPolynomial*
- *uint32_t CRCLength*
- *uint32_t NSSPMode*

Field Documentation

- *uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::Mode*
Specifies the SPI operating mode. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_Mode](#)
- *uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::Direction*
Specifies the SPI bidirectional mode state. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_Direction](#)
- *uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::DataSize*
Specifies the SPI data size. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_Data_Size](#)
- *uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::CLKPolarity*
Specifies the serial clock steady state. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_Clock_Polarity](#)
- *uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::CLKPhase*
Specifies the clock active edge for the bit capture. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_Clock_Phase](#)
- *uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::NSS*
Specifies whether the NSS signal is managed by hardware (NSS pin) or by software using the SSI bit. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_Slave_Select_management](#)
- *uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::BaudRatePrescaler*
Specifies the Baud Rate prescaler value which will be used to configure the transmit and receive SCK clock. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_BaudRate_Prescaler](#)
Note: The communication clock is derived from the master clock. The slave clock does not need to be set.
- *uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::FirstBit*
Specifies whether data transfers start from MSB or LSB bit. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_MSB_LSB_transmission](#)
- *uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::TMode*
Specifies if the TI mode is enabled or not. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_TI_mode](#)

- ***uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::CRCCalculation***
Specifies if the CRC calculation is enabled or not. This parameter can be a value of [SPI_CRC_Calculation](#)
- ***uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::CRCPolynomial***
Specifies the polynomial used for the CRC calculation. This parameter must be an odd number between Min_Data = 1 and Max_Data = 65535
- ***uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::CRCLength***
Specifies the CRC Length used for the CRC calculation. CRC Length is only used with Data8 and Data16, not other data size This parameter can be a value of [SPI_CRC_length](#)
- ***uint32_t SPI_InitTypeDef::NSSPMode***
Specifies whether the NSSP signal is enabled or not . This parameter can be a value of [SPI_NSSP_Mode](#) This mode is activated by the NSSP bit in the SPIx_CR2 register and it takes effect only if the SPI interface is configured as Motorola SPI master (FRF=0) with capture on the first edge (SPIx_CR1 CPHA = 0, CPOL setting is ignored)..

62.1.2 **__SPI_HandleTypeDef**

Data Fields

- ***SPI_TypeDef * Instance***
- ***SPI_InitTypeDef Init***
- ***uint8_t * pTxBuffPtr***
- ***uint16_t TxXferSize***
- ***__IO uint16_t TxXferCount***
- ***uint8_t * pRxBuffPtr***
- ***uint16_t RxXferSize***
- ***__IO uint16_t RxXferCount***
- ***uint32_t CRCSize***
- ***void(* RxISR***
- ***void(* TxISR***
- ***DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdmatx***
- ***DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdmarx***
- ***HAL_LockTypeDef Lock***
- ***__IO HAL_SPI_StateTypeDef State***
- ***__IO uint32_t ErrorCode***

Field Documentation

- ***SPI_TypeDef* __SPI_HandleTypeDef::Instance***
SPI registers base address
- ***SPI_InitTypeDef __SPI_HandleTypeDef::Init***
SPI communication parameters
- ***uint8_t* __SPI_HandleTypeDef::pTxBuffPtr***
Pointer to SPI Tx transfer Buffer
- ***uint16_t __SPI_HandleTypeDef::TxXferSize***
SPI Tx Transfer size
- ***__IO uint16_t __SPI_HandleTypeDef::TxXferCount***
SPI Tx Transfer Counter
- ***uint8_t* __SPI_HandleTypeDef::pRxBuffPtr***
Pointer to SPI Rx transfer Buffer
- ***uint16_t __SPI_HandleTypeDef::RxXferSize***
SPI Rx Transfer size
- ***__IO uint16_t __SPI_HandleTypeDef::RxXferCount***
SPI Rx Transfer Counter

- **`uint32_t __SPI_HandleTypeDef::CRCSize`**
SPI CRC size used for the transfer
- **`void(* __SPI_HandleTypeDef::RxISR)(struct __SPI_HandleTypeDef *hspi)`**
function pointer on Rx ISR
- **`void(* __SPI_HandleTypeDef::TxISR)(struct __SPI_HandleTypeDef *hspi)`**
function pointer on Tx ISR
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef* __SPI_HandleTypeDef::hdmatx`**
SPI Tx DMA Handle parameters
- **`DMA_HandleTypeDef* __SPI_HandleTypeDef::hdmarx`**
SPI Rx DMA Handle parameters
- **`HAL_LockTypeDef __SPI_HandleTypeDef::Lock`**
Locking object
- **`__IO HAL_SPI_StateTypeDef __SPI_HandleTypeDef::State`**
SPI communication state
- **`__IO uint32_t __SPI_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode`**
SPI Error code

62.2 SPI Firmware driver API description

62.2.1 How to use this driver

The SPI HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a `SPI_HandleTypeDef` handle structure, for example: `SPI_HandleTypeDef hspi;`
2. Initialize the SPI low level resources by implementing the `HAL_SPI_MspInit()` API:
 - a. Enable the SPIx interface clock
 - b. SPI pins configuration
 - Enable the clock for the SPI GPIOs
 - Configure these SPI pins as alternate function push-pull
 - c. NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process
 - Configure the SPIx interrupt priority
 - Enable the NVIC SPI IRQ handle
 - d. DMA Configuration if you need to use DMA process
 - Declare a `DMA_HandleTypeDef` handle structure for the transmit or receive Stream/Channel
 - Enable the DMAx clock
 - Configure the DMA handle parameters
 - Configure the DMA Tx or Rx Stream/Channel
 - Associate the initialized `hdma_tx` handle to the `hspi` DMA Tx or Rx handle
 - Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the DMA Tx or Rx Stream/Channel
3. Program the Mode, BidirectionalMode, Data size, Baudrate Prescaler, NSS management, Clock polarity and phase, FirstBit and CRC configuration in the `hspi` Init structure.
4. Initialize the SPI registers by calling the `HAL_SPI_Init()` API:
 - This API configures also the low level Hardware GPIO, CLOCK, CORTEX...etc) by calling the customized `HAL_SPI_MspInit()` API.

Circular mode restriction:

1. The DMA circular mode cannot be used when the SPI is configured in these modes:
 - a. Master 2Lines RxOnly
 - b. Master 1Line Rx
2. The CRC feature is not managed when the DMA circular mode is enabled

3. When the SPI DMA Pause/Stop features are used, we must use the following APIs the HAL_SPI_DMAPause()/ HAL_SPI_DMAStop() only under the SPI callbacks

Master Receive mode restriction:

1. In Master unidirectional receive-only mode (MSTR=1, BIDIMODE=0, RXONLY=0) or bidirectional receive mode (MSTR=1, BIDIMODE=1, BIDIOE=0), to ensure that the SPI does not initiate a new transfer the following procedure has to be respected:
 - a. HAL_SPI_DeInit()
 - b. HAL_SPI_Init()

The HAL drivers do not allow reaching all supported SPI frequencies in the different SPI modes. Refer to the source code (stm32xxx_hal_spi.c header) to get a summary of the maximum SPI frequency that can be reached with a data size of 8 or 16 bits, depending on the APBx peripheral clock frequency (fPCLK) used by the SPI instance.

62.2.2 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize and de-initialize the SPIx peripheral:

- User must implement HAL_SPI_MspInit() function in which he configures all related peripherals resources (CLOCK, GPIO, DMA, IT and NVIC).
- Call the function HAL_SPI_Init() to configure the selected device with the selected configuration:
 - Mode
 - Direction
 - Data Size
 - Clock Polarity and Phase
 - NSS Management
 - BaudRate Prescaler
 - FirstBit
 - TIMode
 - CRC Calculation
 - CRC Polynomial if CRC enabled
 - CRC Length, used only with Data8 and Data16
 - FIFO reception threshold
- Call the function HAL_SPI_DeInit() to restore the default configuration of the selected SPIx peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [*HAL_SPI_Init\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_SPI_DeInit\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_SPI_MspInit\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_SPI_MspDeInit\(\)*](#)

62.2.3 IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the SPI data transfers.

The SPI supports master and slave mode:

1. There are two modes of transfer:
 - Blocking mode: The communication is performed in polling mode. The HAL status of all data processing is returned by the same function after finishing transfer.
 - No-Blocking mode: The communication is performed using Interrupts or DMA, These APIs return the HAL status. The end of the data processing will be

indicated through the dedicated SPI IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode. The HAL_SPI_TxCpltCallback(), HAL_SPI_RxCpltCallback() and HAL_SPI_TxRxCpltCallback() user callbacks will be executed respectively at the end of the transmit or Receive process. The HAL_SPI_ErrorCallback() user callback will be executed when a communication error is detected.

2. APIs provided for these 2 transfer modes (Blocking mode or Non blocking mode using either Interrupt or DMA) exist for 1Line (simplex) and 2Lines (full duplex) modes.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL_SPI_Transmit\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_Receive\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_Transmit_IT\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_Receive_IT\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive_IT\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_Transmit_DMA\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_Receive_DMA\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive_DMA\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_Abort\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_Abort_IT\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_DMAPause\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_DMAResume\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_DMAStop\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_IRQHandler\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_TxCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_RxCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_TxRxCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_TxHalfCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_RxHalfCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_TxRxHalfCpltCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_ErrorCallback\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_AbortCpltCallback\(\)](#)

62.2.4 Peripheral State and Errors functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to control the SPI.

- HAL_SPI_GetState() API can be helpful to check in run-time the state of the SPI peripheral
- HAL_SPI_GetError() check in run-time Errors occurring during communication

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL_SPI_GetState\(\)](#)
- [HAL_SPI_GetError\(\)](#)

62.2.5 Detailed description of functions

HAL_SPI_Init

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Init (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Initialize the SPI according to the specified parameters in the SPI_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.

Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_SPI_DeInit

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_DeInit (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	De-Initialize the SPI peripheral.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_SPI_MspInit

Function name	void HAL_SPI_MspInit (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Initialize the SPI MSP.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_MspDeInit

Function name	void HAL_SPI_MspDeInit (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	De-Initialize the SPI MSP.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_Transmit

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Transmit (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)
Function description	Transmit an amount of data in blocking mode.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module. • pData: pointer to data buffer • Size: amount of data to be sent • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_SPI_Receive

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Receive (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)
Function description	Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.

Parameters	• hsapi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module. • pData: pointer to data buffer • Size: amount of data to be received • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hsapi, uint8_t * pTxData, uint8_t * pRxData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)
Function description	Transmit and Receive an amount of data in blocking mode.
Parameters	• hsapi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module. • pTxData: pointer to transmission data buffer • pRxData: pointer to reception data buffer • Size: amount of data to be sent and received • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_SPI_Transmit_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Transmit_IT (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hsapi, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Transmit an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hsapi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module. • pData: pointer to data buffer • Size: amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_SPI_Receive_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Receive_IT (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hsapi, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hsapi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module. • pData: pointer to data buffer • Size: amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive_IT (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hsapi, uint8_t * pTxData, uint8_t * pRxData, uint16_t Size)
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Function description	Transmit and Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module. • pTxData: pointer to transmission data buffer • pRxData: pointer to reception data buffer • Size: amount of data to be sent and received
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_SPI_Transmit_DMA

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Transmit_DMA (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Transmit an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module. • pData: pointer to data buffer • Size: amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_SPI_Receive_DMA

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Receive_DMA (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module. • pData: pointer to data buffer • Size: amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status
Notes	• In case of MASTER mode and SPI_DIRECTION_2LINES direction, hdmatx shall be defined. • When the CRC feature is enabled the pData Length must be Size + 1.

HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive_DMA

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_TransmitReceive_DMA (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi, uint8_t * pTxData, uint8_t * pRxData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Transmit and Receive an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module. • pTxData: pointer to transmission data buffer • pRxData: pointer to reception data buffer • Size: amount of data to be sent

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| Return values | • HAL: status |
| Notes | • When the CRC feature is enabled the pRxData Length must be Size + 1 |

HAL_SPI_DMAPause

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Function name | HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_DMAPause (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi) |
| Function description | Pause the DMA Transfer. |
| Parameters | • hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI module. |
| Return values | • HAL: status |

HAL_SPI_DMAResume

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Function name | HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_DMAResume (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi) |
| Function description | Resume the DMA Transfer. |
| Parameters | • hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI module. |
| Return values | • HAL: status |

HAL_SPI_DMAStop

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Function name | HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_DMAStop (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi) |
| Function description | Stop the DMA Transfer. |
| Parameters | • hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI module. |
| Return values | • HAL: status |

HAL_SPI_Abort

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Function name | HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Abort (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi) |
| Function description | Abort ongoing transfer (blocking mode). |
| Parameters | • hspi: SPI handle. |
| Return values | • HAL: status |
| Notes | • This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer (Tx and Rx), started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations: Disable SPI Interrupts (depending of transfer direction)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL_DMA_Abort (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READY
• This procedure is executed in blocking mode: when exiting |

function, Abort is considered as completed.

HAL_SPI_Abort_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPI_Abort_IT (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Abort ongoing transfer (Interrupt mode).
Parameters	• hspi: SPI handle.
Return values	• HAL: status
Notes	• This procedure could be used for aborting any ongoing transfer (Tx and Rx), started in Interrupt or DMA mode. This procedure performs following operations: Disable SPI Interrupts (depending of transfer direction)Disable the DMA transfer in the peripheral register (if enabled)Abort DMA transfer by calling HAL_DMA_Abort_IT (in case of transfer in DMA mode)Set handle State to READYAt abort completion, call user abort complete callback • This procedure is executed in Interrupt mode, meaning that abort procedure could be considered as completed only when user abort complete callback is executed (not when exiting function).

HAL_SPI_IRQHandler

Function name	void HAL_SPI_IRQHandler (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Handle SPI interrupt request.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_TxCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_SPI_TxCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Tx Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_RxCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_SPI_RxCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Rx Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_TxRxCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_SPI_TxRxCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Tx and Rx Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_TxHalfCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_SPI_TxHalfCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Tx Half Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_RxHalfCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_SPI_RxHalfCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Rx Half Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_TxRxHalfCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_SPI_TxRxHalfCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Tx and Rx Half Transfer callback.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_ErrorCallback

Function name	void HAL_SPI_ErrorCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	SPI error callback.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.
Return values	• None:

HAL_SPI_AbortCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_SPI_AbortCpltCallback (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
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Function description SPI Abort Complete callback.

Parameters

- **hspi:** SPI handle.

Return values

- **None:**

HAL_SPI_GetState

Function name **HAL_SPI_StateTypeDef HAL_SPI_GetState (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)**

Function description Return the SPI handle state.

Parameters

- **hspi:** pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

Return values

- **SPI:** state

HAL_SPI_GetError

Function name **uint32_t HAL_SPI_GetError (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)**

Function description Return the SPI error code.

Parameters

- **hspi:** pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for SPI module.

Return values

- **SPI:** error code in bitmap format

62.3 SPI Firmware driver defines

62.3.1 SPI

SPI BaudRate Prescaler

SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_2

SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_4

SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_8

SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_16

SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_32

SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_64

SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_128

SPI_BAUDRATEPRESCALER_256

SPI Clock Phase

SPI_PHASE_1EDGE

SPI_PHASE_2EDGE

SPI Clock Polarity

SPI_POLARITY_LOW

SPI_POLARITY_HIGH

SPI CRC Calculation

SPI_CRCCALCULATION_DISABLE

SPI_CRCCALCULATION_ENABLE

SPI CRC Length

SPI_CRC_LENGTH_DATASIZE

SPI_CRC_LENGTH_8BIT

SPI_CRC_LENGTH_16BIT

SPI Data Size

SPI_DATASIZE_4BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_5BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_6BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_7BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_8BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_9BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_10BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_11BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_12BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_13BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_14BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_15BIT

SPI_DATASIZE_16BIT

SPI Direction Mode

SPI_DIRECTION_2LINES

SPI_DIRECTION_2LINES_RXONLY

SPI_DIRECTION_1LINE

SPI Error Code

HAL_SPI_ERROR_NONE No error

HAL_SPI_ERROR_MODF MODF error

HAL_SPI_ERROR_CRC CRC error

HAL_SPI_ERROR_OVR OVR error

HAL_SPI_ERROR_FRE FRE error

HAL_SPI_ERROR_DMA DMA transfer error

HAL_SPI_ERROR_FLAG Error on RXNE/TXE/BSY/FTLVL/FRLVL Flag

HAL_SPI_ERROR_ABORT Error during SPI Abort procedure

SPI Exported Macros

__HAL_SPI_RESET_HANDLE_STATE **Description:**

- Reset SPI handle state.

`__HAL_SPI_ENABLE_IT`**Parameters:**

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle.
This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

Return value:

- None

Description:

- Enable the specified SPI interrupts.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle.
This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
 - `SPI_IT_TXE`: Tx buffer empty interrupt enable
 - `SPI_IT_RXNE`: RX buffer not empty interrupt enable
 - `SPI_IT_ERR`: Error interrupt enable

Return value:

- None

`__HAL_SPI_DISABLE_IT`**Description:**

- Disable the specified SPI interrupts.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI handle.
This parameter can be SPIx where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.
- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the interrupt source to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
 - `SPI_IT_TXE`: Tx buffer empty interrupt enable
 - `SPI_IT_RXNE`: RX buffer not empty interrupt enable
 - `SPI_IT_ERR`: Error interrupt enable

Return value:

- None

`__HAL_SPI_GET_IT_SOURCE`**Description:**

- Check whether the specified SPI interrupt source is enabled or not.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle.
This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

`__HAL_SPI_GET_FLAG`

- `__INTERRUPT__`: specifies the SPI interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
 - `SPI_IT_TXE`: Tx buffer empty interrupt enable
 - `SPI_IT_RXNE`: RX buffer not empty interrupt enable
 - `SPI_IT_ERR`: Error interrupt enable

Return value:

- The: new state of `__IT__` (TRUE or FALSE).

Description:

- Check whether the specified SPI flag is set or not.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
 - `SPI_FLAG_RXNE`: Receive buffer not empty flag
 - `SPI_FLAG_TXE`: Transmit buffer empty flag
 - `SPI_FLAG_CRCERR`: CRC error flag
 - `SPI_FLAG_MODF`: Mode fault flag
 - `SPI_FLAG_OVR`: Overrun flag
 - `SPI_FLAG_BSY`: Busy flag
 - `SPI_FLAG_FRE`: Frame format error flag
 - `SPI_FLAG_FTLVL`: SPI fifo transmission level
 - `SPI_FLAG_FRLVL`: SPI fifo reception level

Return value:

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (TRUE or FALSE).

`__HAL_SPI_CLEAR_CRCERRFLAG`**Description:**

- Clear the SPI CRCERR pending flag.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle. This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

Return value:

- None

`__HAL_SPI_CLEAR_MODFFLAG`**Description:**

`__HAL_SPI_CLEAR_OVRFLAG`

- Clear the SPI MODF pending flag.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle.
This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

Return value:

- None

Description:

- Clear the SPI OVR pending flag.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle.
This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

Return value:

- None

`__HAL_SPI_CLEAR_FREFLAG`

Description:

- Clear the SPI FRE pending flag.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle.
This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

Return value:

- None

`__HAL_SPI_ENABLE`

Description:

- Enable the SPI peripheral.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle.
This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

Return value:

- None

`__HAL_SPI_DISABLE`

Description:

- Disable the SPI peripheral.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the SPI Handle.
This parameter can be SPI where x: 1, 2, or 3 to select the SPI peripheral.

Return value:

- None

SPI FIFO Reception Threshold

SPI_RXFIFO_THRESHOLD

SPI_RXFIFO_THRESHOLD_QF

SPI_RXFIFO_THRESHOLD_HF

SPI Flags Definition

SPI_FLAG_RXNE

SPI_FLAG_TXE

SPI_FLAG_BSY

SPI_FLAG_CRCERR

SPI_FLAG_MODF

SPI_FLAG_OVR

SPI_FLAG_FRE

SPI_FLAG_FTLVL

SPI_FLAG_FRLVL

SPI Interrupt Definition

SPI_IT_TXE

SPI_IT_RXNE

SPI_IT_ERR

SPI Mode

SPI_MODE_SLAVE

SPI_MODE_MASTER

SPI MSB LSB Transmission

SPI_FIRSTBIT_MSB

SPI_FIRSTBIT_LSB

SPI NSS Pulse Mode

SPI_NSS_PULSE_ENABLE

SPI_NSS_PULSE_DISABLE

SPI Reception FIFO Status Level

SPI_FRLVL_EMPTY

SPI_FRLVL_QUARTER_FULL

SPI_FRLVL_HALF_FULL

SPI_FRLVL_FULL

SPI Slave Select Management

SPI_NSS_SOFT

SPI_NSS_HARD_INPUT

SPI_NSS_HARD_OUTPUT

SPI TI Mode

SPI_TIMODE_DISABLE

SPI_TIMODE_ENABLE

SPI Transmission FIFO Status Level

SPI_FTLVL_EMPTY

SPI_FTLVL_QUARTER_FULL

SPI_FTLVL_HALF_FULL

SPI_FTLVL_FULL

63 HAL SPI Extension Driver

63.1 SPIEx Firmware driver API description

63.1.1 IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of extended functions to manage the SPI data transfers.

1. Rx data flush function:
 - HAL_SPIEx_FlushRxFifo()

This section contains the following APIs:

- [*HAL_SPIEx_FlushRxFifo\(\)*](#)

63.1.2 Detailed description of functions

HAL_SPIEx_FlushRxFifo

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_SPIEx_FlushRxFifo (SPI_HandleTypeDef * hspi)
Function description	Flush the RX fifo.
Parameters	• hspi: pointer to a SPI_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified SPI module.
Return values	• HAL: status

64 HAL SRAM Generic Driver

64.1 SRAM Firmware driver registers structures

64.1.1 SRAM_HandleTypeDef

Data Fields

- *FMC_NORSRAM_TypeDef * Instance*
- *FMC_NORSRAM_EXTENDED_TypeDef * Extended*
- *FMC_NORSRAM_InitTypeDef Init*
- *HAL_LockTypeDef Lock*
- *__IO HAL_SRAM_StateTypeDef State*
- *DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdma*

Field Documentation

- *FMC_NORSRAM_TypeDef* SRAM_HandleTypeDef::Instance*
Register base address
- *FMC_NORSRAM_EXTENDED_TypeDef* SRAM_HandleTypeDef::Extended*
Extended mode register base address
- *FMC_NORSRAM_InitTypeDef SRAM_HandleTypeDef::Init*
SRAM device control configuration parameters
- *HAL_LockTypeDef SRAM_HandleTypeDef::Lock*
SRAM locking object
- *__IO HAL_SRAM_StateTypeDef SRAM_HandleTypeDef::State*
SRAM device access state
- *DMA_HandleTypeDef* SRAM_HandleTypeDef::hdma*
Pointer DMA handler

64.2 SRAM Firmware driver API description

64.2.1 How to use this driver

This driver is a generic layered driver which contains a set of APIs used to control SRAM memories. It uses the FMC layer functions to interface with SRAM devices. The following sequence should be followed to configure the FMC to interface with SRAM/PSRAM memories:

1. Declare a SRAM_HandleTypeDef handle structure, for example:
SRAM_HandleTypeDef hsrाम; and:
 - Fill the SRAM_HandleTypeDef handle "Init" field with the allowed values of the structure member.
 - Fill the SRAM_HandleTypeDef handle "Instance" field with a predefined base register instance for NOR or SRAM device
 - Fill the SRAM_HandleTypeDef handle "Extended" field with a predefined base register instance for NOR or SRAM extended mode
2. Declare two FMC_NORSRAM_TimingTypeDef structures, for both normal and extended mode timings; for example: FMC_NORSRAM_TimingTypeDef Timing and FMC_NORSRAM_TimingTypeDef ExTiming; and fill its fields with the allowed values of the structure member.
3. Initialize the SRAM Controller by calling the function HAL_SRAM_Init(). This function performs the following sequence:
 - a. MSP hardware layer configuration using the function HAL_SRAM_MspInit()