

33 HAL I2C Generic Driver

33.1 I2C Firmware driver registers structures

33.1.1 I2C_InitTypeDef

Data Fields

- *uint32_t Timing*
- *uint32_t OwnAddress1*
- *uint32_t AddressingMode*
- *uint32_t DualAddressMode*
- *uint32_t OwnAddress2*
- *uint32_t OwnAddress2Masks*
- *uint32_t GeneralCallMode*
- *uint32_t NoStretchMode*

Field Documentation

- *uint32_t I2C_InitTypeDef::Timing*
Specifies the I2C_TIMINGR_register value. This parameter calculated by referring to I2C initialization section in Reference manual
- *uint32_t I2C_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress1*
Specifies the first device own address. This parameter can be a 7-bit or 10-bit address.
- *uint32_t I2C_InitTypeDef::AddressingMode*
Specifies if 7-bit or 10-bit addressing mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [I2C_ADDRESSING_MODE](#)
- *uint32_t I2C_InitTypeDef::DualAddressMode*
Specifies if dual addressing mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [I2C_DUAL_ADDRESSING_MODE](#)
- *uint32_t I2C_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress2*
Specifies the second device own address if dual addressing mode is selected This parameter can be a 7-bit address.
- *uint32_t I2C_InitTypeDef::OwnAddress2Masks*
Specifies the acknowledge mask address second device own address if dual addressing mode is selected This parameter can be a value of [I2C_OWN_ADDRESS2_MASKS](#)
- *uint32_t I2C_InitTypeDef::GeneralCallMode*
Specifies if general call mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [I2C_GENERAL_CALL_ADDRESSING_MODE](#)
- *uint32_t I2C_InitTypeDef::NoStretchMode*
Specifies if nostretch mode is selected. This parameter can be a value of [I2C_NOSTRETCH_MODE](#)

33.1.2 __I2C_HandleTypeDef

Data Fields

- *I2C_TypeDef * Instance*
- *I2C_InitTypeDef Init*
- *uint8_t * pBuffPtr*
- *uint16_t XferSize*
- *__IO uint16_t XferCount*

- `__IO uint32_t XferOptions`
- `__IO uint32_t PreviousState`
- `HAL_StatusTypeDef(* XferISR`
- `DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdmatx`
- `DMA_HandleTypeDef * hdmarx`
- `HAL_LockTypeDef Lock`
- `__IO HAL_I2C_StateTypeDef State`
- `__IO HAL_I2C_ModeTypeDef Mode`
- `__IO uint32_t ErrorCode`
- `__IO uint32_t AddrEventCount`

Field Documentation

- `I2C_TypeDef* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::Instance`
I2C registers base address
- `I2C_InitTypeDef __I2C_HandleTypeDef::Init`
I2C communication parameters
- `uint8_t* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::pBuffPtr`
Pointer to I2C transfer buffer
- `uint16_t __I2C_HandleTypeDef::XferSize`
I2C transfer size
- `__IO uint16_t __I2C_HandleTypeDef::XferCount`
I2C transfer counter
- `__IO uint32_t __I2C_HandleTypeDef::XferOptions`
I2C sequential transfer options, this parameter can be a value of [I2C_XFEROPTIONS](#)
- `__IO uint32_t __I2C_HandleTypeDef::PreviousState`
I2C communication Previous state
- `HAL_StatusTypeDef(* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::XferISR)(struct __I2C_HandleTypeDef *hi2c, uint32_t ITFlags, uint32_t ITSources)`
I2C transfer IRQ handler function pointer
- `DMA_HandleTypeDef* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::hdmatx`
I2C Tx DMA handle parameters
- `DMA_HandleTypeDef* __I2C_HandleTypeDef::hdmarx`
I2C Rx DMA handle parameters
- `HAL_LockTypeDef __I2C_HandleTypeDef::Lock`
I2C locking object
- `__IO HAL_I2C_StateTypeDef __I2C_HandleTypeDef::State`
I2C communication state
- `__IO HAL_I2C_ModeTypeDef __I2C_HandleTypeDef::Mode`
I2C communication mode
- `__IO uint32_t __I2C_HandleTypeDef::ErrorCode`
I2C Error code
- `__IO uint32_t __I2C_HandleTypeDef::AddrEventCount`
I2C Address Event counter

33.2 I2C Firmware driver API description

33.2.1 How to use this driver

The I2C HAL driver can be used as follows:

1. Declare a `I2C_HandleTypeDef` handle structure, for example: `I2C_HandleTypeDef hi2c;`
2. Initialize the I2C low level resources by implementing the `HAL_I2C_MspInit()` API:
 - a. Enable the I2Cx interface clock

- b. I2C pins configuration
 - Enable the clock for the I2C GPIOs
 - Configure I2C pins as alternate function open-drain
 - c. NVIC configuration if you need to use interrupt process
 - Configure the I2Cx interrupt priority
 - Enable the NVIC I2C IRQ Channel
 - d. DMA Configuration if you need to use DMA process
 - Declare a DMA_HandleTypeDef handle structure for the transmit or receive channel
 - Enable the DMAx interface clock using
 - Configure the DMA handle parameters
 - Configure the DMA Tx or Rx channel
 - Associate the initialized DMA handle to the hi2c DMA Tx or Rx handle
 - Configure the priority and enable the NVIC for the transfer complete interrupt on the DMA Tx or Rx channel
3. Configure the Communication Clock Timing, Own Address1, Master Addressing mode, Dual Addressing mode, Own Address2, Own Address2 Mask, General call and Nostretch mode in the hi2c Init structure.
4. Initialize the I2C registers by calling the HAL_I2C_Init(), configures also the low level Hardware (GPIO, CLOCK, NVIC...etc) by calling the customized HAL_I2C_MspInit(&hi2c) API.
5. To check if target device is ready for communication, use the function HAL_I2C_IsDeviceReady()
6. For I2C IO and IO MEM operations, three operation modes are available within this driver:

Polling mode IO operation

- Transmit in master mode an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit()
- Receive in master mode an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Master_Receive()
- Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit()
- Receive in slave mode an amount of data in blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive()

Polling mode IO MEM operation

- Write an amount of data in blocking mode to a specific memory address using HAL_I2C_Mem_Write()
- Read an amount of data in blocking mode from a specific memory address using HAL_I2C_Mem_Read()

Interrupt mode IO operation

- Transmit in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_IT()
- At transmission end of transfer, HAL_I2C_MasterTxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MasterTxCpltCallback()
- Receive in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_IT()

- At reception end of transfer, HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback()
- Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_IT()
- At transmission end of transfer, HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback()
- Receive in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_IT()
- At reception end of transfer, HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()
- Abort a master I2C process communication with Interrupt using HAL_I2C_Master_Abort_IT()
- End of abort process, HAL_I2C_AbortCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_AbortCpltCallback()
- Discard a slave I2C process communication using __HAL_I2C_GENERATE_NACK() macro. This action will inform Master to generate a Stop condition to discard the communication.

Interrupt mode IO sequential operation



These interfaces allow to manage a sequential transfer with a repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

- A specific option field manage the different steps of a sequential transfer
- Option field values are defined through @ref I2C_XFEROPTIONS and are listed below:
 - I2C_FIRST_AND_LAST_FRAME: No sequential usage, functional is same as associated interfaces in no sequential mode
 - I2C_FIRST_FRAME: Sequential usage, this option allow to manage a sequence with start condition, address and data to transfer without a final stop condition
 - I2C_FIRST_AND_NEXT_FRAME: Sequential usage (Master only), this option allow to manage a sequence with start condition, address and data to transfer without a final stop condition, an then permit a call the same master sequential interface several times (like HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Transmit_IT() then HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Transmit_IT())
 - I2C_NEXT_FRAME: Sequential usage, this option allow to manage a sequence with a restart condition, address and with new data to transfer if the direction change or manage only the new data to transfer if no direction change and without a final stop condition in both cases
 - I2C_LAST_FRAME: Sequential usage, this option allow to manage a sequence with a restart condition, address and with new data to transfer if the direction change or manage only the new data to transfer if no direction change and with a final stop condition in both cases
- Differents sequential I2C interfaces are listed below:
 - Sequential transmit in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Transmit_IT()

- At transmission end of current frame transfer, HAL_I2C_MasterTxCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MasterTxCallback()
- Sequential receive in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Receive_IT()
 - At reception end of current frame transfer, HAL_I2C_MasterRxCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MasterRxCallback()
- Abort a master I2C process communication with Interrupt using HAL_I2C_Master_Abort_IT()
 - End of abort process, HAL_I2C_AbortCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_AbortCallback()
- Enable/disable the Address listen mode in slave I2C mode using HAL_I2C_EnableListen_IT() HAL_I2C_DisableListen_IT()
 - When address slave I2C match, HAL_I2C_AddrCallback() is executed and user can add his own code to check the Address Match Code and the transmission direction request by master (Write/Read).
 - At Listen mode end HAL_I2C_ListenCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_ListenCpltCallback()
- Sequential transmit in slave I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Slave_Sequential_Transmit_IT()
 - At transmission end of current frame transfer, HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCallback()
- Sequential receive in slave I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode using HAL_I2C_Slave_Sequential_Receive_IT()
 - At reception end of current frame transfer, HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()
- Abort a master I2C process communication with Interrupt using HAL_I2C_Master_Abort_IT()
- End of abort process, HAL_I2C_AbortCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_AbortCallback()
- Discard a slave I2C process communication using __HAL_I2C_GENERATE_NACK() macro. This action will inform Master to generate a Stop condition to discard the communication.

Interrupt mode IO MEM operation

- Write an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt to a specific memory address using HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_IT()
- At Memory end of write transfer, HAL_I2C_MemTxCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MemTxCallback()
- Read an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt from a specific memory address using HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_IT()
- At Memory end of read transfer, HAL_I2C_MemRxCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MemRxCallback()

- In case of transfer Error, HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()

DMA mode IO operation

- Transmit in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_DMA()
- At transmission end of transfer, HAL_I2C_MasterTxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MasterTxCpltCallback()
- Receive in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_DMA()
- At reception end of transfer, HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback()
- Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_DMA()
- At transmission end of transfer, HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback()
- Receive in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode (DMA) using HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_DMA()
- At reception end of transfer, HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()
- Abort a master I2C process communication with Interrupt using HAL_I2C_Master_Abort_IT()
- End of abort process, HAL_I2C_AbortCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_AbortCpltCallback()
- Discard a slave I2C process communication using __HAL_I2C_GENERATE_NACK() macro. This action will inform Master to generate a Stop condition to discard the communication.

DMA mode IO MEM operation

- Write an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA to a specific memory address using HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_DMA()
- At Memory end of write transfer, HAL_I2C_MemTxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MemTxCpltCallback()
- Read an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA from a specific memory address using HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_DMA()
- At Memory end of read transfer, HAL_I2C_MemRxCpltCallback() is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_MemRxCpltCallback()
- In case of transfer Error, HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback() function is executed and user can add his own code by customization of function pointer HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()

I2C HAL driver macros list

Below the list of most used macros in I2C HAL driver.

- __HAL_I2C_ENABLE: Enable the I2C peripheral
- __HAL_I2C_DISABLE: Disable the I2C peripheral

- `__HAL_I2C_GENERATE_NACK`: Generate a Non-Acknowledge I2C peripheral in Slave mode
- `__HAL_I2C_GET_FLAG`: Check whether the specified I2C flag is set or not
- `__HAL_I2C_CLEAR_FLAG`: Clear the specified I2C pending flag
- `__HAL_I2C_ENABLE_IT`: Enable the specified I2C interrupt
- `__HAL_I2C_DISABLE_IT`: Disable the specified I2C interrupt



You can refer to the I2C HAL driver header file for more useful macros

33.2.2 Initialization and de-initialization functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to initialize and deinitialize the I2Cx peripheral:

- User must Implement `HAL_I2C_MspInit()` function in which he configures all related peripherals resources (CLOCK, GPIO, DMA, IT and NVIC).
- Call the function `HAL_I2C_Init()` to configure the selected device with the selected configuration:
 - Clock Timing
 - Own Address 1
 - Addressing mode (Master, Slave)
 - Dual Addressing mode
 - Own Address 2
 - Own Address 2 Mask
 - General call mode
 - Nostretch mode
- Call the function `HAL_I2C_DeInit()` to restore the default configuration of the selected I2Cx peripheral.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [*HAL_I2C_Init\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_DeInit\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_MspInit\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_MspDeInit\(\)*](#)

33.2.3 IO operation functions

This subsection provides a set of functions allowing to manage the I2C data transfers.

1. There are two modes of transfer:
 - Blocking mode: The communication is performed in the polling mode. The status of all data processing is returned by the same function after finishing transfer.
 - No-Blocking mode: The communication is performed using Interrupts or DMA. These functions return the status of the transfer startup. The end of the data processing will be indicated through the dedicated I2C IRQ when using Interrupt mode or the DMA IRQ when using DMA mode.
2. Blocking mode functions are:
 - `HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit()`
 - `HAL_I2C_Master_Receive()`
 - `HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit()`
 - `HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive()`
 - `HAL_I2C_Mem_Write()`

- HAL_I2C_Mem_Read()
- HAL_I2C_IsDeviceReady()
- 3. No-Blocking mode functions with Interrupt are:
 - HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_IT()
 - HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_IT()
 - HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_IT()
 - HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_IT()
 - HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_IT()
 - HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_IT()
- 4. No-Blocking mode functions with DMA are:
 - HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_DMA()
 - HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_DMA()
 - HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_DMA()
 - HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_DMA()
 - HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_DMA()
 - HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_DMA()
- 5. A set of Transfer Complete Callbacks are provided in non Blocking mode:
 - HAL_I2C_MemTxCpltCallback()
 - HAL_I2C_MemRxCpltCallback()
 - HAL_I2C_MasterTxCpltCallback()
 - HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback()
 - HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback()
 - HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback()
 - HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback()

This section contains the following APIs:

- [*HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Master_Receive\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_DMA\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_DMA\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_DMA\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_DMA\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Mem_Write\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Mem_Read\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_DMA\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_DMA\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_IsDeviceReady\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Transmit_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Receive_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Slave_Sequential_Transmit_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Slave_Sequential_Receive_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_EnableListen_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_DisableListen_IT\(\)*](#)
- [*HAL_I2C_Master_Abort_IT\(\)*](#)

33.2.4 Peripheral State, Mode and Error functions

This subsection permit to get in run-time the status of the peripheral and the data flow.

This section contains the following APIs:

- [HAL_I2C_GetState\(\)](#)
- [HAL_I2C_GetMode\(\)](#)
- [HAL_I2C_GetError\(\)](#)

33.2.5 Detailed description of functions

HAL_I2C_Init

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Init (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Initializes the I2C according to the specified parameters in the I2C_InitTypeDef and initialize the associated handle.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_DeInit

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_DeInit (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	DeInitialize the I2C peripheral.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_MspInit

Function name	void HAL_I2C_MspInit (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Initialize the I2C MSP.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_MspDeInit

Function name	void HAL_I2C_MspDeInit (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	DeInitialize the I2C MSP.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit
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(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)

Function description	Transmits in master mode an amount of data in blocking mode.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Master_Receive

Function name **HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Receive**
(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)

Function description	Receives in master mode an amount of data in blocking mode.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit

Function name **HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit**
(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)

Function description	Transmits in slave mode an amount of data in blocking mode.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive

Function name **HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive**
(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)

Function description	Receive in slave mode an amount of data in blocking mode.
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Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Mem_Write

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Mem_Write (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint16_t MemAddress, uint16_t MemAddSize, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)
Function description	Write an amount of data in blocking mode to a specific memory address.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • MemAddress: Internal memory address • MemAddSize: Size of internal memory address • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Mem_Read

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Mem_Read (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint16_t MemAddress, uint16_t MemAddSize, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t Timeout)
Function description	Read an amount of data in blocking mode from a specific memory address.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • MemAddress: Internal memory address • MemAddSize: Size of internal memory address • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_IsDeviceReady

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_IsDeviceReady
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(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint32_t Trials, uint32_t Timeout)

Function description	Checks if target device is ready for communication.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • Trials: Number of trials • Timeout: Timeout duration
Return values	• HAL: status
Notes	• This function is used with Memory devices

HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Transmit in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Receive in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_IT
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(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)

Function description	Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Receive in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint16_t MemAddress, uint16_t MemAddSize, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Write an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt to a specific memory address.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • MemAddress: Internal memory address • MemAddSize: Size of internal memory address • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint16_t MemAddress, uint16_t MemAddSize, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Read an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt from a specific memory address.

Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • MemAddress: Internal memory address • MemAddSize: Size of internal memory address • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Transmit_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Transmit_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t XferOptions)
Function description	Sequential transmit in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent • XferOptions: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options
Return values	• HAL: status
Notes	• This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer

HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Receive_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Sequential_Receive_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t XferOptions)
Function description	Sequential receive in master I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent • XferOptions: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options
Return values	• HAL: status

- | | |
|-------|---|
| Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer |
|-------|---|

HAL_I2C_Slave_Sequential_Transmit_IT

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Function name | HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Sequential_Transmit_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t XferOptions) |
| Function description | Sequential transmit in slave/device I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt. |
| Parameters | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. pData: Pointer to data buffer Size: Amount of data to be sent XferOptions: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options |
| Return values | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HAL: status |
| Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer |

HAL_I2C_Slave_Sequential_Receive_IT

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| Function name | HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Sequential_Receive_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size, uint32_t XferOptions) |
| Function description | Sequential receive in slave/device I2C mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with Interrupt. |
| Parameters | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. pData: Pointer to data buffer Size: Amount of data to be sent XferOptions: Options of Transfer, value of I2C Sequential Transfer Options |
| Return values | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HAL: status |
| Notes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> This interface allow to manage repeated start condition when a direction change during transfer |

HAL_I2C_EnableListen_IT

- | | |
|----------------------|--|
| Function name | HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_EnableListen_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c) |
| Function description | Enable the Address listen mode with Interrupt. |
| Parameters | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. |
| Return values | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HAL: status |

HAL_I2C_DisableListen_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_DisableListen_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Disable the Address listen mode with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Master_Abort_IT

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Abort_IT (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress)
Function description	Abort a master I2C IT or DMA process communication with Interrupt.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_DMA

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Transmit_DMA (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Transmit in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_DMA

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Master_Receive_DMA (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Receive in master mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call

	interface
	• pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status
HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_DMA	
Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Transmit_DMA (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Transmit in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status
HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_DMA	
Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Slave_Receive_DMA (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Receive in slave mode an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status
HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_DMA	
Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_DMA (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint16_t MemAddress, uint16_t MemAddSize, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Write an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA to a specific memory address.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • MemAddress: Internal memory address • MemAddSize: Size of internal memory address • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be sent
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_DMA

Function name	HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_DMA (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint16_t DevAddress, uint16_t MemAddress, uint16_t MemAddSize, uint8_t * pData, uint16_t Size)
Function description	Reads an amount of data in non-blocking mode with DMA from a specific memory address.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • DevAddress: Target device address: The device 7 bits address value in datasheet must be shift at right before call interface • MemAddress: Internal memory address • MemAddSize: Size of internal memory address • pData: Pointer to data buffer • Size: Amount of data to be read
Return values	• HAL: status

HAL_I2C_EV_IRQHandler

Function name	void HAL_I2C_EV_IRQHandler (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	This function handles I2C event interrupt request.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_ER_IRQHandler

Function name	void HAL_I2C_ER_IRQHandler (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	This function handles I2C error interrupt request.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_MasterTxCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_MasterTxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Master Tx Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_MasterRxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
---------------	---

Function description	Master Rx Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_SlaveTxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Slave Tx Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_SlaveRxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Slave Rx Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_AddrCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_AddrCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint8_t TransferDirection, uint16_t AddrMatchCode)
Function description	Slave Address Match callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C. • TransferDirection: Master request Transfer Direction (Write/Read), value of I2C Transfer Direction Master Point of View • AddrMatchCode: Address Match Code
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_ListenCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_ListenCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Listen Complete callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_MemTxCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_MemTxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Memory Tx Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_MemRxCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_MemRxCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Memory Rx Transfer completed callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_ErrorCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	I2C error callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_AbortCpltCallback

Function name	void HAL_I2C_AbortCpltCallback (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	I2C abort callback.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• None:

HAL_I2C_GetState

Function name	HAL_I2C_StateTypeDef HAL_I2C_GetState (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Return the I2C handle state.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	• HAL: state

HAL_I2C_GetMode

Function name	HAL_I2C_ModeTypeDef HAL_I2C_GetMode
---------------	--

(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)

Function description	Returns the I2C Master, Slave, Memory or no mode.
Parameters	hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for I2C module
Return values	HAL: mode

HAL_I2C_GetError

Function name	uint32_t HAL_I2C_GetError (I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)
Function description	Return the I2C error code.
Parameters	hi2c: Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2C.
Return values	I2C: Error Code

33.3 I2C Firmware driver defines

33.3.1 I2C

I2C Addressing Mode

I2C_ADDRESSINGMODE_7BIT

I2C_ADDRESSINGMODE_10BIT

I2C Dual Addressing Mode

I2C_DUALADDRESS_DISABLE

I2C_DUALADDRESS_ENABLE

I2C Error Code definition

HAL_I2C_ERROR_NONE	No error
HAL_I2C_ERROR_BERR	BERR error
HAL_I2C_ERROR_ARLO	ARLO error
HAL_I2C_ERROR_AF	ACKF error
HAL_I2C_ERROR_OVR	OVR error
HAL_I2C_ERROR_DMA	DMA transfer error
HAL_I2C_ERROR_TIMEOUT	Timeout error
HAL_I2C_ERROR_SIZE	Size Management error

I2C Exported Macros

__HAL_I2C_RESET_HANDLE_STATE	Description:
	Reset I2C handle state.
	Parameters:
	__HANDLE__: specifies the I2C Handle.
	Return value:
	None

__HAL_I2C_ENABLE_IT**Description:**

- Enable the specified I2C interrupt.

Parameters:

- **__HANDLE__**: specifies the I2C Handle.
- **__INTERRUPT__**: specifies the interrupt source to enable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
 - I2C_IT_ERRI Errors interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_TCI Transfer complete interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_STOPI STOP detection interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_NACKI NACK received interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_ADDRI Address match interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_RXI RX interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_TXI TX interrupt enable

Return value:

- None

__HAL_I2C_DISABLE_IT**Description:**

- Disable the specified I2C interrupt.

Parameters:

- **__HANDLE__**: specifies the I2C Handle.
- **__INTERRUPT__**: specifies the interrupt source to disable. This parameter can be one of the following values:
 - I2C_IT_ERRI Errors interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_TCI Transfer complete interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_STOPI STOP detection interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_NACKI NACK received interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_ADDRI Address match interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_RXI RX interrupt enable
 - I2C_IT_TXI TX interrupt enable

Return value:

- None

__HAL_I2C_GET_IT_SOURCE**Description:**

- Check whether the specified I2C interrupt source is enabled or not.

Parameters:

- **__HANDLE__**: specifies the I2C Handle.
- **__INTERRUPT__**: specifies the I2C

interrupt source to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:

- I2C_IT_ERRI Errors interrupt enable
- I2C_IT_TCI Transfer complete interrupt enable
- I2C_IT_STOPI STOP detection interrupt enable
- I2C_IT_NACKI NACK received interrupt enable
- I2C_IT_ADDRI Address match interrupt enable
- I2C_IT_RXI RX interrupt enable
- I2C_IT_TXI TX interrupt enable

Return value:

- The: new state of __INTERRUPT__ (SET or RESET).

Description:

- Check whether the specified I2C flag is set or not.

Parameters:

- __HANDLE__: specifies the I2C Handle.
- __FLAG__: specifies the flag to check. This parameter can be one of the following values:
 - I2C_FLAG_TXE Transmit data register empty
 - I2C_FLAG_TXIS Transmit interrupt status
 - I2C_FLAG_RXNE Receive data register not empty
 - I2C_FLAG_ADDR Address matched (slave mode)
 - I2C_FLAG_AF Acknowledge failure received flag
 - I2C_FLAG_STOPF STOP detection flag
 - I2C_FLAG_TC Transfer complete (master mode)
 - I2C_FLAG_TCR Transfer complete reload
 - I2C_FLAG_BERR Bus error
 - I2C_FLAG_ARLO Arbitration lost
 - I2C_FLAG_OVR Overrun/Underrun
 - I2C_FLAG_PECERR PEC error in reception
 - I2C_FLAG_TIMEOUT Timeout or Tlow detection flag
 - I2C_FLAG_ALERT SMBus alert
 - I2C_FLAG_BUSY Bus busy
 - I2C_FLAG_DIR Transfer direction

__HAL_I2C_GET_FLAG

(slave mode)

`__HAL_I2C_CLEAR_FLAG`**Return value:**

- The: new state of `__FLAG__` (SET or RESET).

Description:

- Clear the I2C pending flags which are cleared by writing 1 in a specific bit.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.
- `__FLAG__`: specifies the flag to clear. This parameter can be any combination of the following values:
 - `I2C_FLAG_TXE` Transmit data register empty
 - `I2C_FLAG_ADDR` Address matched (slave mode)
 - `I2C_FLAG_AF` Acknowledge failure received flag
 - `I2C_FLAG_STOPF` STOP detection flag
 - `I2C_FLAG_BERR` Bus error
 - `I2C_FLAG_ARLO` Arbitration lost
 - `I2C_FLAG_OVR` Overrun/Underrun
 - `I2C_FLAG_PECERR` PEC error in reception
 - `I2C_FLAG_TIMEOUT` Timeout or Tlow detection flag
 - `I2C_FLAG_ALERT` SMBus alert

Return value:

- None

`__HAL_I2C_ENABLE`**Description:**

- Enable the specified I2C peripheral.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.

Return value:

- None

`__HAL_I2C_DISABLE`**Description:**

- Disable the specified I2C peripheral.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.

Return value:

- None

`__HAL_I2C_GENERATE_NACK`**Description:**

- Generate a Non-Acknowledge I2C peripheral in Slave mode.

Parameters:

- `__HANDLE__`: specifies the I2C Handle.

Return value:

- None

I2C Flag definition

I2C_FLAG_TXE
I2C_FLAG_TXIS
I2C_FLAG_RXNE
I2C_FLAG_ADDR
I2C_FLAG_AF
I2C_FLAG_STOPF
I2C_FLAG_TC
I2C_FLAG_TCR
I2C_FLAG_BERR
I2C_FLAG_ARLO
I2C_FLAG_OVR
I2C_FLAG_PECERR
I2C_FLAG_TIMEOUT
I2C_FLAG_ALERT
I2C_FLAG_BUSY
I2C_FLAG_DIR

I2C General Call Addressing Mode

I2C_GENERALCALL_DISABLE
I2C_GENERALCALL_ENABLE

I2C Interrupt configuration definition

I2C_IT_ERRI
I2C_IT_TCI
I2C_IT_STOPI
I2C_IT_NACKI
I2C_IT_ADDRI
I2C_IT_RXI
I2C_IT_TXI

I2C Memory Address Size

I2C_MEMADD_SIZE_8BIT
I2C_MEMADD_SIZE_16BIT

I2C No-Stretch Mode

I2C_NOSTRETCH_DISABLE

I2C_NOSTRETCH_ENABLE

I2C Own Address2 Masks

I2C_OA2_NOMASK

I2C_OA2_MASK01

I2C_OA2_MASK02

I2C_OA2_MASK03

I2C_OA2_MASK04

I2C_OA2_MASK05

I2C_OA2_MASK06

I2C_OA2_MASK07

I2C Reload End Mode

I2C_RELOAD_MODE

I2C_AUTOEND_MODE

I2C_SOFTEND_MODE

I2C Start or Stop Mode

I2C_NO_STARTSTOP

I2C_GENERATE_STOP

I2C_GENERATE_START_READ

I2C_GENERATE_START_WRITE

I2C Transfer Direction Master Point of View

I2C_DIRECTION_TRANSMIT

I2C_DIRECTION_RECEIVE

I2C Sequential Transfer Options

I2C_FIRST_FRAME

I2C_FIRST_AND_NEXT_FRAME

I2C_NEXT_FRAME

I2C_FIRST_AND_LAST_FRAME

I2C_LAST_FRAME

34 HAL I2C Extension Driver

34.1 I2CEx Firmware driver API description

34.1.1 I2C peripheral Extended features

Comparing to other previous devices, the I2C interface for STM32L4xx devices contains the following additional features

- Possibility to disable or enable Analog Noise Filter
- Use of a configured Digital Noise Filter
- Disable or enable wakeup from Stop modes

34.1.2 How to use this driver

This driver provides functions to configure Noise Filter and Wake Up Feature

1. Configure I2C Analog noise filter using the function `HAL_I2CEx_ConfigAnalogFilter()`
2. Configure I2C Digital noise filter using the function `HAL_I2CEx_ConfigDigitalFilter()`
3. Configure the enable or disable of I2C Wake Up Mode using the functions:
 - `HAL_I2CEx_EnableWakeUp()`
 - `HAL_I2CEx_DisableWakeUp()`
4. Configure the enable or disable of fast mode plus driving capability using the functions:
 - `HAL_I2CEx_EnableFastModePlus()`
 - `HAL_I2CEx_DisableFastModePlus()`

34.1.3 Extended features functions

This section provides functions allowing to:

- Configure Noise Filters
- Configure Wake Up Feature

This section contains the following APIs:

- [`HAL\_I2CEx\_ConfigAnalogFilter\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_I2CEx\_ConfigDigitalFilter\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_I2CEx\_EnableWakeUp\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_I2CEx\_DisableWakeUp\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_I2CEx\_EnableFastModePlus\(\)`](#)
- [`HAL\_I2CEx\_DisableFastModePlus\(\)`](#)

34.1.4 Detailed description of functions

HAL_I2CEx_ConfigAnalogFilter

Function name	<code>HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2CEx_ConfigAnalogFilter(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint32_t AnalogFilter)</code>
Function description	Configure I2C Analog noise filter.
Parameters	• hi2c: Pointer to a <code>I2C_HandleTypeDef</code> structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2Cx peripheral. • AnalogFilter: New state of the Analog filter.

Return values

- **HAL:** status

HAL_I2CEx_ConfigDigitalFilter

Function name **HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2CEx_ConfigDigitalFilter(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c, uint32_t DigitalFilter)**

Function description Configure I2C Digital noise filter.

Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2Cx peripheral.
- **DigitalFilter:** Coefficient of digital noise filter between Min_Data=0x00 and Max_Data=0x0F.

Return values

- **HAL:** status

HAL_I2CEx_EnableWakeUp

Function name **HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2CEx_EnableWakeUp(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)**

Function description Enable I2C wakeup from stop mode.

Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2Cx peripheral.

Return values

- **HAL:** status

HAL_I2CEx_DisableWakeUp

Function name **HAL_StatusTypeDef HAL_I2CEx_DisableWakeUp(I2C_HandleTypeDef * hi2c)**

Function description Disable I2C wakeup from stop mode.

Parameters

- **hi2c:** Pointer to a I2C_HandleTypeDef structure that contains the configuration information for the specified I2Cx peripheral.

Return values

- **HAL:** status

HAL_I2CEx_EnableFastModePlus

Function name **void HAL_I2CEx_EnableFastModePlus (uint32_t ConfigFastModePlus)**

Function description Enable the I2C fast mode plus driving capability.

Parameters

- **ConfigFastModePlus:** Selects the pin. This parameter can be one of the I2C Extended Fast Mode Plus values

Return values

- **None:**

Notes

- For I2C1, fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled on all selected I2C1 pins using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C1 parameter or independently on each one of the following pins PB6, PB7, PB8 and PB9.
- For remaining I2C1 pins (PA14, PA15...) fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled only by using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C1 parameter.
- For all I2C2 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be

enabled only by using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C2 parameter.

- For all I2C3 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled only by using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C3 parameter.
- For all I2C4 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be enabled only by using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C4 parameter.

HAL_I2CEx_DisableFastModePlus

Function name	void HAL_I2CEx_DisableFastModePlus (uint32_t ConfigFastModePlus)
Function description	Disable the I2C fast mode plus driving capability.
Parameters	• ConfigFastModePlus: Selects the pin. This parameter can be one of the I2C Extended Fast Mode Plus values
Return values	• None:
Notes	• For I2C1, fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled on all selected I2C1 pins using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C1 parameter or independently on each one of the following pins PB6, PB7, PB8 and PB9. • For remaining I2C1 pins (PA14, PA15...) fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C1 parameter. • For all I2C2 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C2 parameter. • For all I2C3 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C3 parameter. • For all I2C4 pins fast mode plus driving capability can be disabled only by using I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C4 parameter.

34.2 I2CEx Firmware driver defines

34.2.1 I2CEx

I2C Extended Analog Filter

I2C_ANALOGFILTER_ENABLE

I2C_ANALOGFILTER_DISABLE

I2C Extended Fast Mode Plus

I2C_FMP_NOT_SUPPORTED Fast Mode Plus not supported

I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_PB6 Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB6

I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_PB7 Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB7

I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_PB8 Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB8

I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_PB9 Enable Fast Mode Plus on PB9

I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C1	Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C1 pins
I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C2	Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C2 pins
I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C3	Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C3 pins
I2C_FASTMODEPLUS_I2C4	Enable Fast Mode Plus on I2C4 pins

35 HAL IRDA Generic Driver

35.1 IRDA Firmware driver registers structures

35.1.1 IRDA_InitTypeDef

Data Fields

- *uint32_t BaudRate*
- *uint32_t WordLength*
- *uint32_t Parity*
- *uint32_t Mode*
- *uint8_t Prescaler*
- *uint16_t PowerMode*
- *uint32_t ClockPrescaler*

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- *uint32_t IRDA_InitTypeDef::BaudRate*
This member configures the IRDA communication baud rate. The baud rate register is computed using the following formula: Baud Rate Register = ((usart_ker_ckpres) / ((hirda->Init.BaudRate))) where usart_ker_ckpres is the IRDA input clock divided by a prescaler
- *uint32_t IRDA_InitTypeDef::WordLength*
Specifies the number of data bits transmitted or received in a frame. This parameter can be a value of [IRDA_Word_Length](#)
- *uint32_t IRDA_InitTypeDef::Parity*
Specifies the parity mode. This parameter can be a value of [IRDA_Parity](#)
Note:When parity is enabled, the computed parity is inserted at the MSB position of the transmitted data (9th bit when the word length is set to 9 data bits; 8th bit when the word length is set to 8 data bits).
- *uint32_t IRDA_InitTypeDef::Mode*
Specifies whether the Receive or Transmit mode is enabled or disabled. This parameter can be a value of [IRDA_Transfer_Mode](#)
- *uint8_t IRDA_InitTypeDef::Prescaler*
Specifies the Prescaler value for dividing the UART/USART source clock to achieve low-power frequency.
Note:Prescaler value 0 is forbidden
- *uint16_t IRDA_InitTypeDef::PowerMode*
Specifies the IRDA power mode. This parameter can be a value of [IRDA_Low_Power](#)
- *uint32_t IRDA_InitTypeDef::ClockPrescaler*
Specifies the prescaler value used to divide the IRDA clock source. This parameter can be a value of [IRDA_ClockPrescaler](#).

35.1.2 IRDA_HandleTypeDef

Data Fields

- *USART_TypeDef * Instance*
- *IRDA_InitTypeDef Init*
- *uint8_t * pTxBuffPtr*
- *uint16_t TxXferSize*
- *__IO uint16_t TxXferCount*
- *uint8_t * pRxBuffPtr*